



Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations



General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean Commission générale des pêches pour la Méditerranée



# GOOD PRACTICE GUIDE FOR THE HANDLING OF SEA TURTLES CAUGHT INCIDENTALLY IN MEDITERRANEAN FISHERIES

In collaboration with







Financed by



### **TECHNICAL SHEET N° 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF MEDITERRANEAN SEA TURTLE SPECIES**

#### **Identification key 1**

General observation of the sea turtle: scales (present or not present)

#### **Identification key 2**

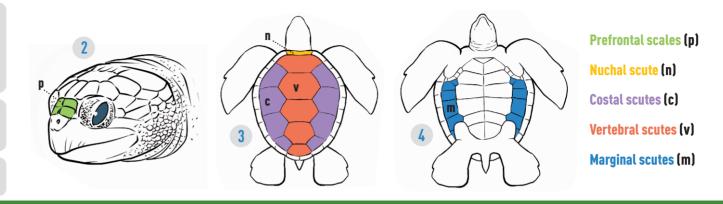
Observation of the head: number of prefrontal scales

#### **Identification key 3**

**Observation of the carapace:** number of scutes on the carapace and location of the nuchal scute

#### **Identification key 4**

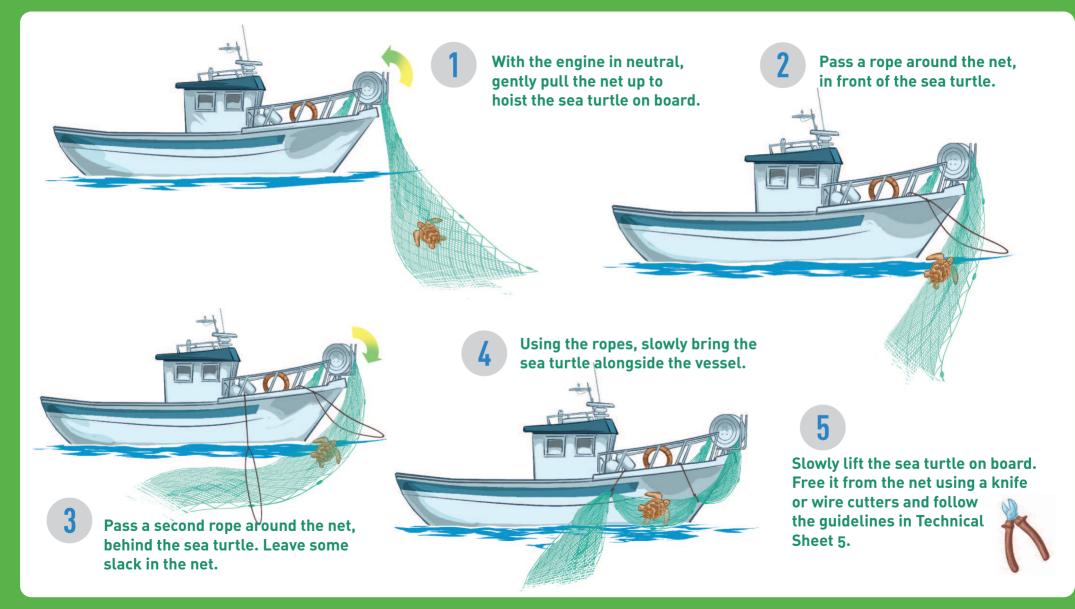
**Observation of the plastron:** number of marginal scutes



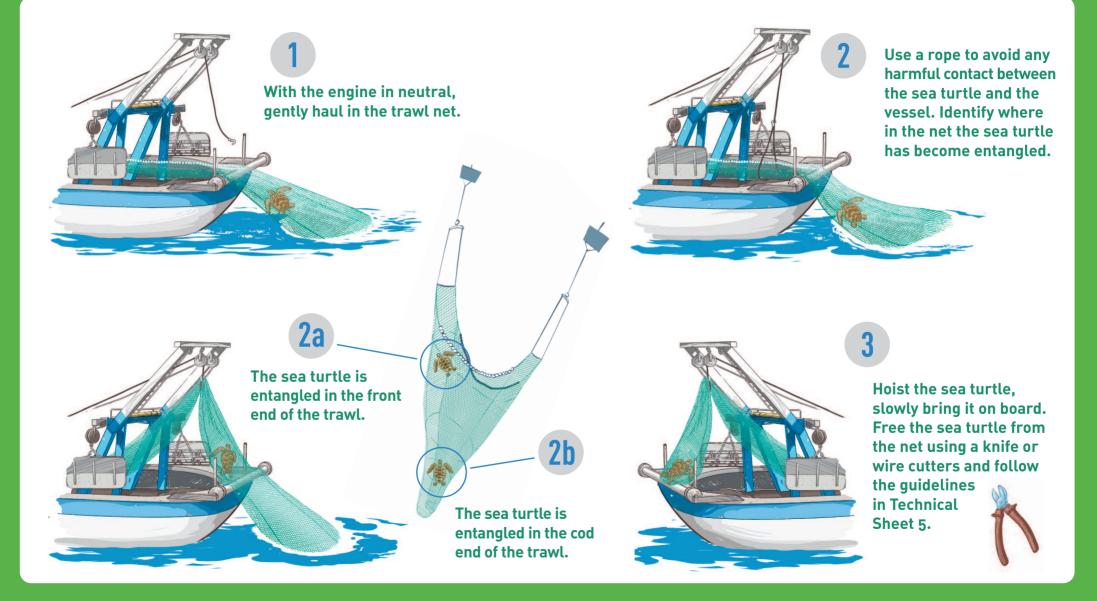
Leatherback sea turtle Beak with 2 cusps Leather-like carapace with 5 longitudinal ridges (Dermochelys coriacea) Carapace comprising 5 pairs of costal scutes with **Plastron comprising** Loggerhead sea turtle Head with 2 pairs of 3 pairs of marginal the 1<sup>st</sup> pair touching the prefrontal scales (Caretta caretta) nuchal scute scutes Carapace comprising 4 Head with a single **Plastron comprising** Green sea turtle pairs of costal scutes with pair of prefrontal 4 pairs of marginal no contact between 1<sup>st</sup> pair (Chelonia mydas) and the nuchal scute scales scutes

ourtle free of scale plates

## TECHNICAL SHEET N° 2 - RELEASING SEA TURTLES CAUGHT INCIDENTALLY IN SET NET FISHERIES



### TECHNICAL SHEET N° 3 - RELEASING SEA TURTLES CAUGHT INCIDENTALLY IN TRAWL FISHERIES



# TECHNICAL SHEET N° 4 - RELEASING SEA TURTLES CAUGHT INCIDENTALLY IN LONGLINE FISHERIES

#### With the engine in neutral, lift the sea turtle on board.



If the sea turtle is small, lift it on board using both hands.



If the sea turtle is large, lift it on board with the help of a net and a rope.

# Removing the hook

#### If the hook is visible and can be removed

Place a piece of wood or pipe in the sea turtle's mouth to avoid being bitten when removing the hook. Use the wire cutters to cut the hook into two and remove both parts.



#### If hook removal is not possible

Cut the line as close as possible to the mouth of the sea turtle. Do not pull the line.



If the sea turtle is too large to be lifted on board, bring it as close as possible to the vessel without pulling the line to avoid any injury.

Cut the line as close as possible to the sea turtle with a cutting tool (wire cutters or with a blade attached to a long stick for large longliners)



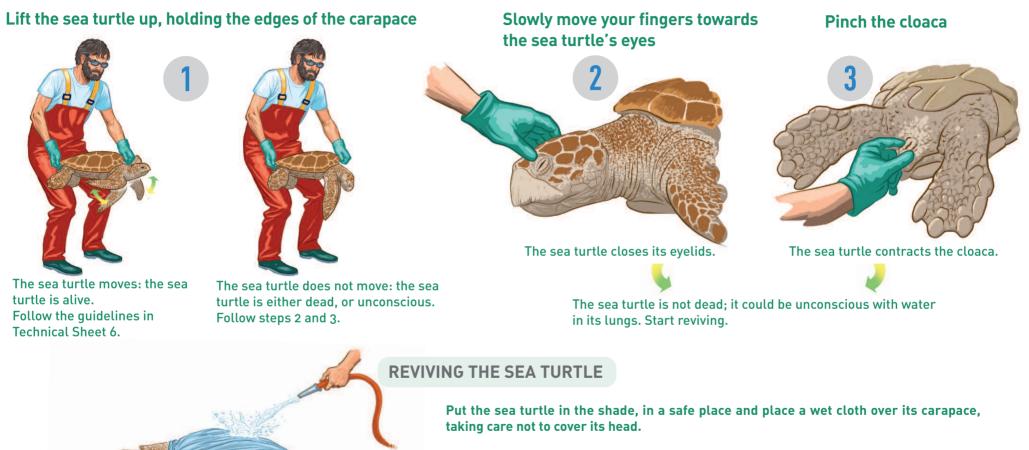
Pull the line



Grab the sea turtle by its flippers

### **TECHNICAL SHEET N° 5 - ASSESSING THE SEA TURTLE'S CONDITION**

#### **TESTING THE REACTIVITY OF THE SEA TURTLE**



If possible, raise the rear of the sea turtle about 20 cm (using a box or a tire, for example) to help drain the water from its lungs.

Keep it under observation in order to detect any sign of life. Follow the guidelines in Technical Sheet 6.

Date

**CONTACT THE NATIONAL AUTHORITIES** 

### FOR THE CATCH OF ANY SEA TURTLES, RECORD THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IN THE LOGBOOK:



Contact the relevant national authorities to report each incidental sea turtle catch.

Describe the sea turtle's condition, especially whether it is alive and in good shape, or is injured, or shows no sign of life/is dead.

Organise with the authorities any follow-up care that will be necessary on return to port.







GPS Position Geographical subregion Type of vessel (Fleet segment) Fishing gear Species caught Total number of specimens caught Number of specimens released alive Number of dead specimens Number of specimens in unknown status



And if possible...

Take photos of the sea turtle(s), head and carapace

The information above is extremely important! Please submit it, as soon as possible, to the relevant national authorities. If in doubt, ask for their help.



# GOOD PRACTICE GUIDE FOR THE HANDLING OF SEA TURTLES CAUGHT INCIDENTALLY IN MEDITERRANEAN FISHERIES

This guide was developed within the framework of a project which aimed to mitigate the negative interactions between endangered marine species and fishing activities. This project was implemented by the Secretariat of the Agreement on the Conservation of Cetaceans of the Black Sea, Mediterranean Sea and Contiguous Atlantic Area (ACCOBAMS) and by the Secretariat of the General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean (GFCM), in collaboration with the Specially Protected Areas Regional Activity Centre (SPA/RAC). The main objective of the project was to enhance the conservation of endangered marine species (cetaceans, sea turtles and seabirds, etc.) by promoting responsible fishing practices in the Mediterranean.

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# Illustrations

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#### Main bibliographic references

Claro F., Poisson F., Sacchi J. Guides pratiques pour la libération des tortues marines capturées lors des activités de pêches dans la mer Méditerranée.

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